

UNLOADING, STORAGE, ERECTION, INSTALLATION & MAINTENANCE MANUAL



DOUBLE BREAK DISCONNECTOR (TYPE: RD72.5kV - RD145kV)



Disconnectors are remarkable pieces of equipment. They can stay in the same position for years before they have to switch. But, then at the critical moment they have to work perfectly. No matter what the conditions are, whether they are in the freezing cold or in the extreme heat.



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DOCUMENTS ATTACHED

LIMIT SWITCH AND AUXLIARY SWITCH SETTING PROCEDURE

O&M INSPECTION PROCEDURE

DISCONNECTOR SITE SETUP / CHECK PROCEDURE



1.0. PREAMBLE:

The Disconnector described in this publication is designed, manufactured and tested with care and will give satisfactory service if it is installed, operated and maintained in accordance with the instructions, by fully skilled personnel duly authorized to carryout this work.

Efforts are constantly being made to improve design and manufacturing. Hence the equipment supplied may differ in minor detail from the data given in this publication.

2.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE DISCONNECTOR:

- Disconnectors are primarily off load mechanical switching device used to isolate equipments and lines in electrical network. They are able to make or break the magnetizing current and line charging current of 0.7Amps at 0.15 power factors.
- 145 kV Double Break Disconnector are designed for independent single pole operation or three pole electrically / mechanically ganged operation. Disconnectors can be supplied with or without earth switches. Where earth switch is required, single or double earth switch can be provided. Disconnector and earth switches can be operated either manually or by motor.
- 145 kV Double Break Disconnector are checked for satisfactory operation at the works. They are supplied in knock down condition ready for assembly at site. The relevant standards for disconnectors are IEC: 62271-102/62271-1 and IS: 9921 and for insulators IEC: 60273 / 60168 and IS: 2544.



SECTION-A

UNLOADING AND STROAGE INSTRUCTIONS

3.0 UNLOADING:

- Unload the crates / boxes using crane / fork lift truck, as appropriate.
- Do not roll the crates. Do not drop the crates over tyres / rubber mats. Etc.
- Use proper lifting tools / tackles like nylon belts / ropes etc.
- Count the number of crates / boxes and tally them against the shipping document.
- Inspect thoroughly all the crates / boxes for damages.
- In case of damage, identify the crate / box and keep it separately.
- Take adequate photos of the damage.
- Kindly report the damage to the transporter in writing.
- Also mail the damage report (along with the photographs) to the **Contracts Manager** of **S&S Power Switchgear Equipment Limited**. Email: sales@sspower.com.

3.1 STORAGE:

"Failure to properly store and protect disconnectors / parts may cause damage to equipment. Such damage could cause hard operation, mal-operation and contact resistance issue when equipment is installed / tested and mal-function in service."

- Storage shall be made in an area that is well ventilated and provided with drains to prevent water stagnation.
- It is advisable to leave all crates / boxes in packed condition until the start of erection.
- All crates / boxes shall be properly stored / stacked with proper covers.
- Disconnector and operating mechanism crates / boxes should always be stored in elevated position (at least two feet above ground) to prevent water entry.
- In case of longer storage period / damp atmosphere, the operating mechanism boxes shall be removed from packing and electrical space heating is to be provided.
- Space heating should continue till complete removal of moisture / condensation.
- Adequate care to be taken to prevent entry / ingress of dirt, moisture, cement, sand and other corrosive material.



3.2 LONG TERM STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS:

General instruction (for all materials):

Ground clearance:

All materials, including operating mechanisms, should be kept at a minimum of 600 mm (two feet) height from the ground level using pallets or cement concrete bed, to avoid water entry during rainy season. However, the water level rise at the respective site / storage locations shall be considered for fixing the ground clearance (but shall not be less than 600 mm).

Operating mechanisms:

The primary consideration in case of long term storage of operating mechanism is the temperature and relative humidity level of the storage location. This should be maintained as closely as possible to the standard reference atmospheric conditions.

Upon unloading from the container / truck, kindly follow the steps specified below, to ensure proper storage and preservation of operating mechanisms, for long term storage:

During normal seasons (without rain / snow):

- Take out the operating mechanisms from the wooden cases.
- Remove the polythene cover / bubble wrap sheet carefully.
- Check the operating mechanisms visually for any damages.
- Clean all the outer surfaces.
- Open the door and remove the desiccants (silica gel pack) fitted inside the box.
- Place five fresh bag indicator type desiccant packs (each 100 grams) of fresh silica gel granules (preservatives).
- Close the door.
- Do not cover or wrap the operating mechanism (so that better breathing is provided during long term storage).
- In case of longer periods of storage, replace the silica gel once in 3 months and close the door. (Note: the three month period is indicative only. Kindly check with the supplier of silica gel for time period of usage and time after when it has to be replaced).
- Ensure that the silica gels used are the fresh ones removed from the air tight container (before placing them inside the operating mechanism boxes).
- Keep all the drive mechanisms in a dust free environment.
- If dust is unavoidable then ensure complete cleaning at least once in a month.
- In addition carry out periodical checks for any abnormal dust accumulation and clean accordingly.
- Ensure that the entire storage area is temperature controlled (to ensure better storage and condition of the equipment).
- The optimum temperature is 20 deg c and relative humidity is 45% (values to be checked using combined humidity and temperature indicators placed throughout the warehouse / storage area and should be visible for close monitoring).



During monsoon seasons (with rain / snow):

- All points given above shall be followed.
- In addition, during rainy season, anti condensation heaters to be kept "on" and suitable electrical protection to trip the electrical circuit to be provided in case of any short circuit.
- Foam adhesive backed strip with volatile corrosion inhibitors also to be paste along the inner surfaces of the operating mechanism in place of silica gels.
- Inspect all operating mechanism boxes for integrity of the painted surfaces once in a month.

Other contacts and steel materials:

- Clean all the contact surfaces thoroughly with a lint-free cloth.
- Protect all contact surfaces with a thin layer of petroleum gel.
- Cover all contacts and Aluminium arms with polythene sheets / covers.
- Ensure that the inside surfaces of the polythene coverings are pasted with foam based adhesive strip.
- Provide volatile corrosion inhibitors sheets and paste them along the inner surfaces.
- Kindly repeat the above steps once in every three months.

Galvanized steel items:

These are to be wrapped / covered with waterproof / dust proof covering and sufficient bags of silica gels to be placed in various places inside the covering. Once in 3 months all materials to be cleaned and replaced with silica gel bags.



SECTION - B

CONSTRUCTION

4.0 SCOPE OF SUPPLY

Our Double Break Disconnector and Earth switch consists of the following components:

Disconnector:

- Base assembly drive end and non-drive end.
- Moving blade assembly.
- Fixed contact assembly.
- Tandem pipe assembly (phase to phase coupling pipes) in case of three pole arrangement
- Down operating pipe.
- Operating drive mechanism.
- Support insulators (optional)
- Support structure (Optional).
- Terminal connectors (Optional).

Earth switch assembly (Optional).

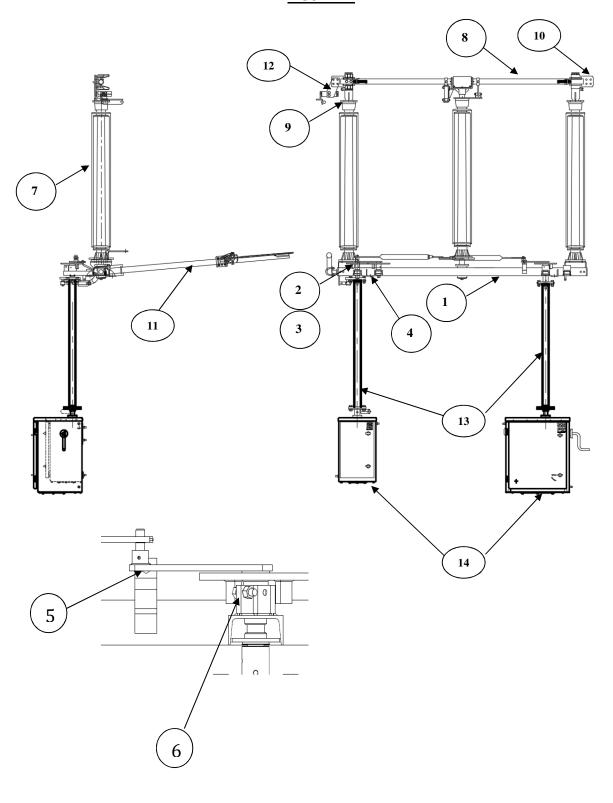
- Earth blade with flexible connector
- Earth fixed contacts
- Tandem pipes
- Down operating pipe
- Operating drive mechanism

5.0. BASE ASSEMBLY:

- Each3pole disconnector(R, Y, B)is supplied with two types of base assemblies.
 - a) Onebase Assembly (sayRpole) withdrivearrangementand interlockarrangement(if the switch is with earth).
 - b) Other two bases (i.e. Y&B) without drive arrangement.
- The base consists of a hot-dip-galvanized steel channel (1) (See figure. A).
- Bearing shaft is assembled in a bearing housing made out of steel tube (2).
- All ferrous parts in base assembly are hot-dip galvanized to IS 4759-1984.
- Base assemblies are supplied with:
 - a) Bearing shaft in assembled and aligned condition.
 - b) Torquebearing(Drive arrangement) for MainandEarthinassembledcondition(only for drive end).
 - c) Inter locks arrangement in pre-set condition (3).
 - d) Lever and hinges with pins, Friction washer, Brass washers and Split pins.
 - e) Four legs with slots (4) for fixing the base channel to the supporting structure.
 - f) The mechanical limit stop of the disconnector in "closed" position (5) and another limit stop in "open" position (6) for disconnectors.
 - g) One rotating support (7) with two fixed support.



FIGURE - A



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	Item Description	Qty / Switch	Remarks
1	Base – Drive End Base – Non drive end	1 2	Galvanized Steel Channel Section having provision for bearing shaft, Drive coupling arrangement for main/earth.
2	Interlock Assembly	1	Provided in case of Disconnector with single/double earth. Galvanized steel Items.
3	Inter locks	1	Inter locks arrangement in pre-set condition
4	Base fixing legs with slots	4 per base	For fixing the base channel to the supporting structure.
5 & 6	Mechanical limit stop	2	The mechanical limit stop of the disconnector in "closed" position and another limit stop in "open" position for disconnectors
7	Support Insulator	9	Solid core (Optional Item)
8	Moving Blade Assembly	3	Aluminum tube held by actuator housing. Silver plated Copper extrusion contacts bolted at the ends of tube.
9	FixedContact Assembly	6	Spring loaded Silver plated Copper fingers bolted to the Aluminium casting.
10	Terminal pads	6	Aluminium pad fixed to the fixed contact mounting bracket.
11	Earth switch	WOE – 0 WSE – 3 WDE – 6	Aluminum tube fitted with Silver plated Copper special section at one end and tin plated Copper flexible for grounding/earthing.
12	Earth Fixed Contact	WOE – 0 WSE – 3 WDE – 6	Silver plated Copper fingers fitted to an Aluminium casting
13	DOP – Main DOP – Earth	WOE – 1 WSE – 2 WDE – 3	Galvanized Steel Pipe.
14	Operating Drive – Main & Earth	WOE – 1 ** WSE – 1 ** WDE – 2 **	Motor operated or Manual with provision for Gear box and Electrical items.

Note:

- WOE Without Earth
- WSE With Single Earth
- WDE With Double Earth

^{** -} Drive box quantities are pertaining to mechanically ganged 3 pole disconnectors.



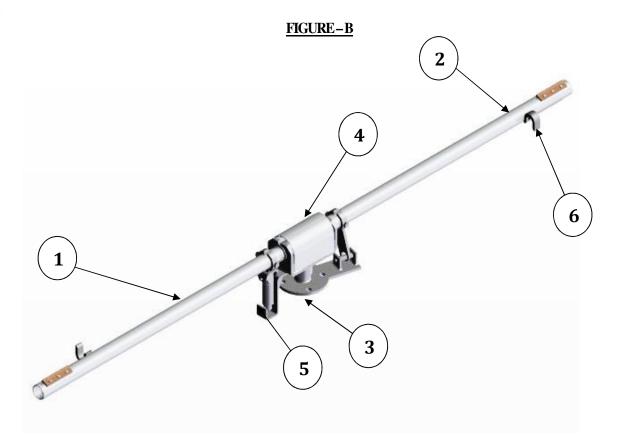
6.0. MOVING BLADE ASSEMBLY:

- The actuator housing supports the blade at the center and is fixed to the top of the insulator (center rotating). The actuator assembly consists of toggle lever and turns and twist arrangement. The spring loaded linkage enables the turn and twist mechanism and ensures that the blade makes complete contact with the fixed contacts and exerts uniform pressure on the contact.
- A hook is provided at both ends of the moving blade tube and this hooks over a screw fixed
 to the mounting bracket of the fixed contact and provides additional safeguard against
 accident opening of the moving blade due to short circuit or wind force or accidental
 decoupling of the operating pipe.

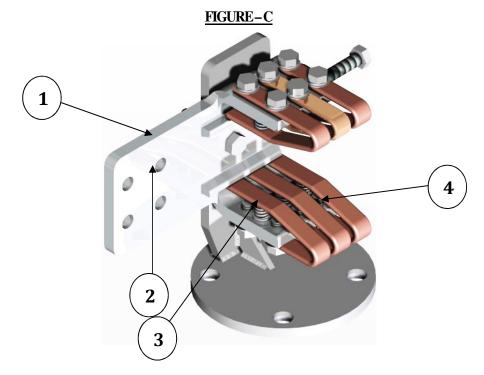
7.0. FIXED CONTACT ASSEMBLY:

- The Aluminium casting (1) has provisions to fix the fixed contact as well as for mounting the earth fixed contact (2) for an Earthing switch. (See figure. C).
- The fixed contacts are of the multi-finger reverse-loop pattern. Contact pressure is applied to each individual finger by an insulated stainless steel spring (3). Contact fingers (4) are of hard drawn copper, silver plated and are bolted into support.
- Depending on the current rating the size and number of the contact fingers may vary.
- Electrolytic corrosion between the fingers and Aluminium alloy is inhibited by doing tin plating at the bottom side (contact surface with Aluminium casting) of finger and also application of electrical jointing compound during assembly.





HAMPER ASSEMBLY



FIXED CONTACT ASSEMBLY

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8.0. OPERATING DRIVE MECHANISM:

- Geared motor operating mechanism consists of a final worm reduction gear driven by a DC or 3Ø AC motor in line with customer requirements.
- Necessary Overload protection, Control Switches for Local / Manual / Remote operation
 and Limit Switches for Control / Signal are provided. In the event of supply failure, the
 Mechanism can be operated manually. Manual operating mechanisms are supplied with or
 without reduction gear in accordance with customer requirements.
- The Mechanisms are housed in an IP55 grade box made of Aluminium / Mild steel / Stainless steel having a thickness of 2-3mm. Auxiliary switches having silver-plated contacts with positive wiping action with adequate number of NO, NC and long wipe contacts as per specific requirements are provided. Suitable blank gland plate is provided at the bottom for cable terminal gland.
- Suitable terminal blocks made of non-inflammable thermosetting plastic are provided for terminating control and auxiliary wiring. Front door of the mechanism box is provided with good quality gasket to ensure high degree of protection against polluted atmosphere. (See figure. D)

9.0. DOWNOPERATING PIPE(MAIN & EARTH):

- This assembly is used to connect the 'T' Bar torque bearing assembly fitted in base assembly to the Flange fitted in operating mechanism box assembly.

 (See figure. E).
- The above assemblies are made out of MS Pipe with 'T' Bar Welded in topside and Vernier Flange-welded at the bottom according to structure height.
- The above welded Assembly is hot dip galvanized.
- Depending on customer requirement universal joints can be provided as follows.
 - a) Two Universal joint (1), one with 'T' Bar(2) and other on the Vernier flange(3) of the drive mechanism.
 - b) One Universal joint at the bottom and diaphragm plate(4) on the top.

10.0. TANDEM PIPE(MAIN & EARTH):

- The tandem pipe assembly is used to connect adjacent poles for gang operation of all the three poles with one drive mechanism. The lengths are adjustable to suit minor variation at site. (See figure. F)
- These parts are hot-dip galvanized and assembled with necessary pins & bushes etc.

11.0. INSULATOR ASSEMBLY:

• Insulators (8) are selected to meet the basic insulation level, minimum creepage and minimum bending load to suit the Customer / Design requirement. (See figure. A).



FIGURE - D

OPERATING MECHANISM

FIGURE - E

DOWN OPERATING PIPE





FIGURE - F



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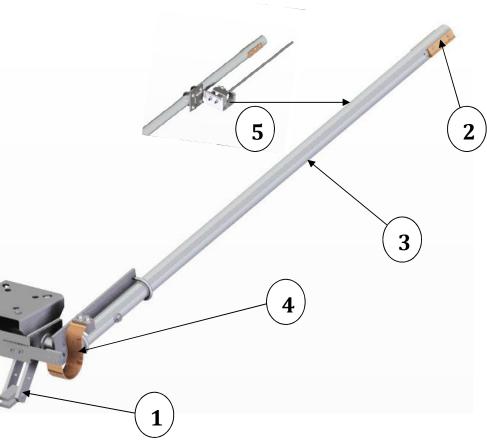


TANDEM/GANG PIPE

12.0. EARTH SWITCH ASSEMBLY. TYPE-FREE ENTRY (FEE):

- Earth Switch is operated through levers (1) and has over center provision in base to prevent the switch from opening due to wind forces, vibrations or any short circuit force. (See figure. G)
- At the end of the tube, Moving contact (2) is bolted which is made of electrolytic copper in extruded form with silver plating on contact side and tin plating in fixing side (with Aluminium / Copper Tube (3)).
- Mounting Plate, "U" clamp and all other parts are Hot-Dip Galvanized and supplied in assembled condition.
- The lower end of the tube is provided with flexible tinned copper connector (4) (number and size will vary according to the short-circuit withstand capability) for the connection to the earthing switch to the base assembly.
- Earthing switch designated to be used in circuits having relatively long lines or high coupling to adjacent energized circuits are provided with induced current contact (5). Induced current contact is used to make before and break later the electromagnetically / electrostatically induced current. (Optional)

FIGURE - G EARTH SWITCH



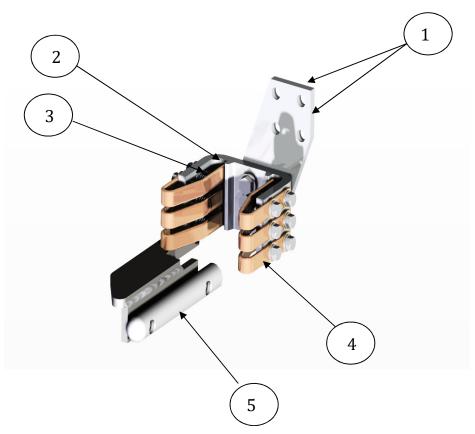
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12.1. EARTH FIXED CONTACT ASSEMBLY:

- The Aluminium dropper plate (1) has provisions to fix on main fixed contact (2). (See figure. H).
- The fixed contact consists of multi-finger reverse-loop pattern. Contact pressure is applied to each individual finger by an insulated stainless steel spring (3). Contact fingers (4) are of hard drawn copper, silver plated and are bolted into support.
- Electrolytic corrosion between the fingers and aluminium alloy is inhibited by doing tin plating at the bottom side (contact surface with aluminium casting) of finger and also application of electrical jointing compound during assembly.
- Secondary contact (5) is provided to make contact with induced current contact to discharge the electromagnetically / electrostatically induced current.

FIGURE – H

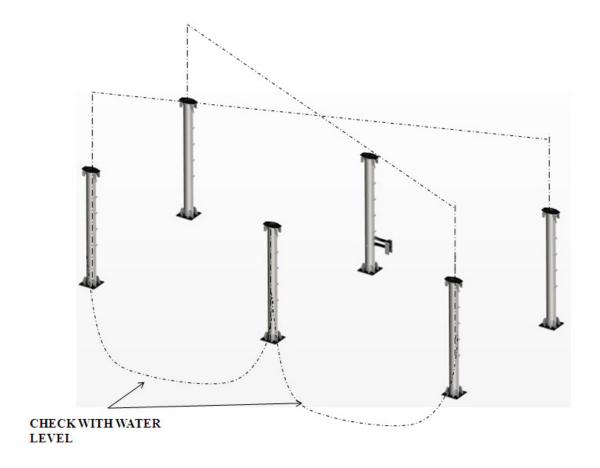


EARTH FIXED CONTACT



13.0. SUPPORT STRUCTURE:

- Support structure, when ordered, shall be designed and manufactured to meet customer specifications. They are assembled on the civil foundations of the customer and shall meet the dimensions of the Disconnectors / Earth Switch with their respective drives etc.
- Structures are hot dip galvanized to meet IS4759 1984 Specifications.
- Structures are designed with necessary factor of safety to withstand all forces i.e., short circuit force, wind force and dead load etc.



STRUCTURE(TYPICAL)



SECTION - C

INSTALLATION & SETTING INSTRUCTION

14.0. ERECTION SEQUENCE:

- Structure
- Bases
- Insulators
- Fixed contact assembly
- Moving blade assembly
- Earth switch
- Earth Fixed Contact
- Drive Box Main and earth
- Down Operating pipe
- Tandem pipe Main and earth.
- Terminal connectors

15.0. STRUCTURE: (WHERE SCOPE IS INCLUDED)

- Refer the site layout and identify the structures of the respective disconnector to meet the sub-station lay-out.
- Assemble the members on their respective foundations as per their general layout.
- Complete the assembly and tighten all the bolts with nuts, washers etc.
- Check for levels at the top of the Structure in the both directions by using spiritlevel / Water levels. If required give shims below the base plate of structure and tighten the nuts.
- Similarly complete erection of all structures.
- After erection, check for the following:
 - a) All fixing dimensions with respect to the centre of the structure.
 - b) Diagonal distance to match as per contract drawing.

16.0. BASE ASSEMBLY:

- Identify the base drive & non drive end.
- Remove the base fixing hardware from bases and keep it in proper place.
- Lift the base assembly by proper slinging (See figure. H) to avoid damage during erection.
- Identify the drive end base and place in the proper position on top of the structure. Fix the hardware; do not tighten fully.
- Place the other two bases on top of the structure in the proper position. Fix the hardware; do not tighten fully.
- Check with sprit level on top of bearing shaft (See figure. I) and give shims if required on the leg of the bases.
- Check the diagonal distances.
- Tighten all the bolts. After complete tightening once again check with sprit level.

Note:

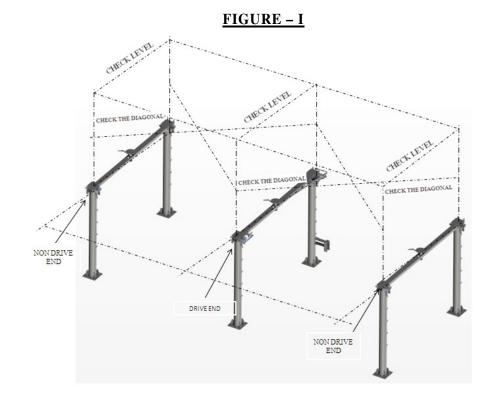
• Ensure the correctness of centre line of same pole and centre line of other phases.



FIGURE - H



LIFTING OF BASE ASSEMBLY



ALIGNMENT AND LEVELLING OF BASE WITH STRUCTURE



17.0. INSULATORS:

Before Start of erection

- Clean the insulator thoroughly.
- Keep the fixing hardware in respective places.
- Identify the Insulator and keep them in respective position.

ERECTION

- Lift the insulator by using proper Cloth / Nylon sling and place it over the base assembly (Middle). (Ensure top 4 holes of insulator are parallel to base center line).
- Without removing the sling match the bottom fixing holes and fix all bolts.
- Remove the sling and check for level of the top surface of insulator by sprit level / plumb(See figure. J).
- If necessary add shims below the bottom flange of the insulator.
- Rotate the shaft assembly and check for the rotation of insulator (eccentricity) for middle and ensure the verticality.
- Repeat the same for other stacks also.

18.0. FIXED CONTACT ASSEMBLY:

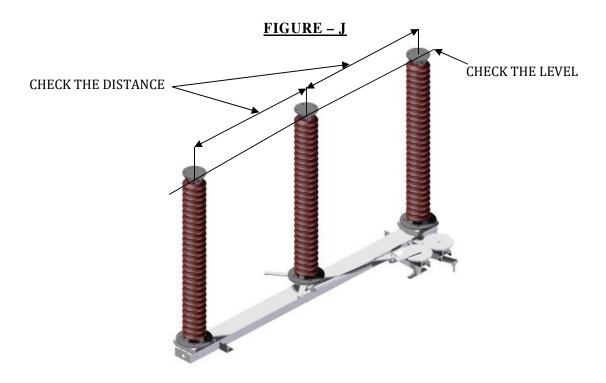
Before erection

- Identify the Moving blade, fixed contacts & Earth fixed contact.
- Keep the fixing hardware.

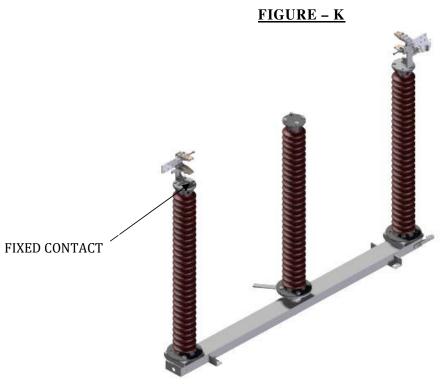
ERECTION

- Lift the Fixed Contact Assembly and place it over the Insulator and tighten the bolt (Hand tight)(See figure. K).
- Repeat the same for the other side & three poles also.
- Repeat the same for the other three poles also.





ERECTION OF INSULATOR ASSEMBLY



MOUNTING OF FIXED CONTACT ASSEMBLY



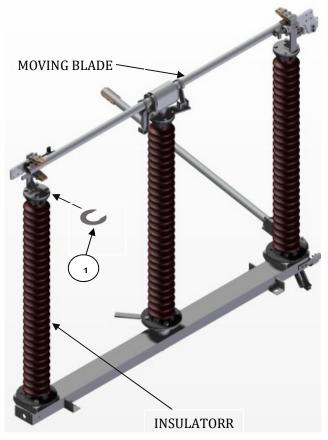
19.0. MOVING BLADE ASSEMBLY:

- Identify the opening position of the moving blade by referring general assembly drawing.
- Keep the bearing shaft assembly in open position.
- Lift the moving blade assembly by using proper rope and place it over the insulator. Ensure the position of operation.
- Without removing the rope align the holes with insulator and fix the bolts (Hand tight).
- Rotate the moving blade through shaft assembly and check for free entry ofbladeinto fixed contact.
- If the blade is not entering freely align properly by using shims below the fixed contact on both/one side and/or adding shims (1) below the pedestal plate of moving blade(**See figure.** L).
- Afteralignmentcheckforfreeentryandafterfullclosecheckforequalcontactpressureonboth sides.
- Repeat 2 to 3 times and ensure the alignment and full tight all bolts.
- Repeat the same for other two poles also.

FIGURE - L

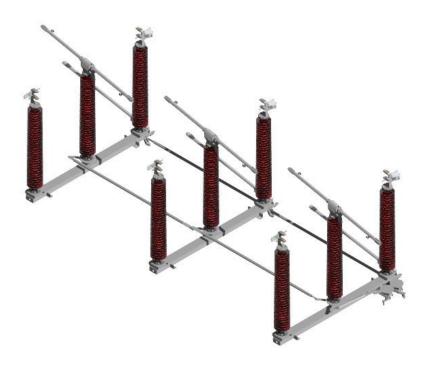


LIFTING OF MOVING BLADE
ASSEMBLY



3 POLE ASSEMBLY OPEN CONDITION





20.0. OPERATING MECHANISM AND DOWN OPERATING PIPE (MAIN):

Identify the mechanism box with the help of drawing and packinglist and openthecasecarefully.

MOUNTING:

<u>Do not attempt to lift mechanism by drive coupling flange.</u> Use slings or forklift at base of cubicle. Lift mechanismbox into position and fix with structure. At this stage fixing bolts should only be hand tightened.

CONNECTING DISCONNECTOR:

- Check for centre line and vertical line between torque bearing flange and drive flange with a plumb.
- Fix the tee bar end of the down operating pipe to the universal yoke and fix the assembly to the provision available on the drive end base (**See figure. M**).
- Now fix the other end of down operating pipe to the universal yoke and fix the assembly to drive box flange using the principle of Vernier hole alignment (Only two holes will be aligned).
- Tighten all bolts.
- Operate the pole manually and ensure open/close label is in proper position.



ADJUSTMENT:

A. MANUAL

By using emergency handle, operate the coupled disconnector and observewhetherit is OPENS or CLOSESfully at each end of its operating cycle. (Ensure minimum 10mm gap between pad lock brackets.) If the disconnector does not CLOSE fully remove clamping bolts which is bolted on the operating mechanism flange and turn mechanism slightly towards OPEN and retighten bolts with the help of vernier flange provided. Proceed with disconnector closing. Repeat until satisfactory operation is obtained.

B. ELECTRICAL

Make electrical connections strictly according to the contract diagram of connections of incoming supply. Do not attempt to operate the Disconnector under power at this stage. When selector switch is fitted, set it to LOCAL. When Motor is fitted, manually set Mechanism t o mid Position and: -

- Operate Control Switch and at the same time observe whether the mechanism rotates towards the selected position.
- If it rotates in opposite direction to that selected, stop motor immediately, by switching off power supply using Emergency push button switch.
- Reverse the connection of motor supply.

ELECTRICAL OPERATING EQUIPMENT:

A hinged panel on the left hand or right hand side of the cabinet carries the electrical control, for operation of the mechanism, which is accessible immediately after the cabinet outer door is opened.

PANEL DOOR COMPONENTS:

LOCAL / REMOTE / MANUAL SELECTOR SWITCH

This selector switch is provided to select the position according to the requirement. When the selector switch is set to local, operation of the mechanism will be governed by the controls in the cabinet. Setting the selector switch to remote transfers controls of the mechanism to remove control point.

OPEN AND CLOSE SWITCH

Incase of individual pole drives, the master control cabinet will have push buttons / selector switch for opening / closing also. The control switch determines the direction of travel of the disconnector. When a cycle is initiated by switching to the appropriate position, the disconnector will open or close. Once the mechanism receives a signal from the push button/ selector switch, the mechanism will commence the operation and will not respond to further signals until it has completed its operation. An indicator is provided outside the top sheet of the cabinet (below the output shaft) to show the disconnector is OPEN or CLOSE.



HEATER AND THERMOSTAT (OPTIONAL)

An anti-condensation heater is fitted in the cabinet. A switch is mounted on the front of the control panel for the control of the heater through a thermostat. It should be switched on as and when required to ensure that appropriate temperature inside the cabinet is maintained. The heated air leaves the cabinet by way of a breather.

OPEN AND CLOSE CONTACTORS

These contactors are mounted inthe rear of the panel door. They directly control the reversing operation of the motor. Further contacts are used for electrically interlocking the contactors, providing circuit across the 'OPEN' and 'CLOSE' Push Buttons / Cam Switch.

AUXILLARY SWITCHES

Auxiliary switch are mounted in the rear side of the cabinet connected to gear shaft through cam and operating lever. It consist of silver plated contacts with a positive wiping action, which provides low current signal to the control circuit.

TERMINAL BLOCKS

TerminalBlocksaredesignedforusewith 1.5/2.5 Sqmm cable.Ratedminiature circuitbreaker/Fuse is mounted in the panel door. The current ratings of the MCB / Fuse links are shown in the schematic drawing.

FOR CLOSING THE DISCONNECTOR

Set the selector switch to local execution as required and then operate the cam switch for closing, there by causing the closing contactor (CC) to pick up. The hold on contact of closing contactor (CC) will now be closed there by retaining the supply after the cam switch is released.

After completion of closing cycle, when the disconnector operate for opening, the opening contactor (OC) willpickup. The hold on contact of opening contactor (OC) will now be closed therebyretainingthesupplyafter

thecamswitchisreleased. Ensuremotor direction is towards closing. Otherwise change the phase sequence of motor interminal box. The disconnector will start to close. At the end of the closing operation limits with chford or in the closing operation is completed.

Kindly note, to preventmal functioning, contact (CC) of the closing contactor will isolate the opening circuit, once contactor (CC) is energized.

FOR OPENING THE DISCONNECTOR

ASimilarsequenceofoperation will be executed by operating the cam switch in the other direction.



OPERATION OFBOLT COIL (MOTOR / MANUAL) CONDITION – 1

MAIN DISCONNECTOR CLOSED AND EARTH SWITCH OPEN

LMR (Local Manual Remote) switch in local or remote position.

- The plunger is in protruded condition (coil de-energized).
- The cap fixed to the plunger blocks the insertion of the manual handle (there by preventing manual operation).
- At this condition there will not be supply to push button switch. (MPB).

CONDITION -2.

MAIN DISCONNECTOR OPENED

LMR switch in manual position.

- Now the push button switch (MPB) will get supply.
- When the MPB switch is pressed, the supply will go to bolt coil and pulls the plunger downwards.
- The plunger in turn actuates the limit switch positioned below the plunger, cutting off the supply to the motor.
- The manual operating handle can now be inserted & the gear box can be operated manually.

OPERATION OF BOLT COIL (EARTH)

CONDITION – 1

MAIN DISCONNECTOR CLOSED AND EARTH SWITCH OPEN

- At this condition the coil plunger will pass through the interlock cam and top guide plate by spring inside the coil (coil de-energized condition).
- The interlock cam is protected from rotation by plunger, which is guided by top and bottom guide plate.
- At this condition there will not be supply to Earth Push Button (EPB) switch.

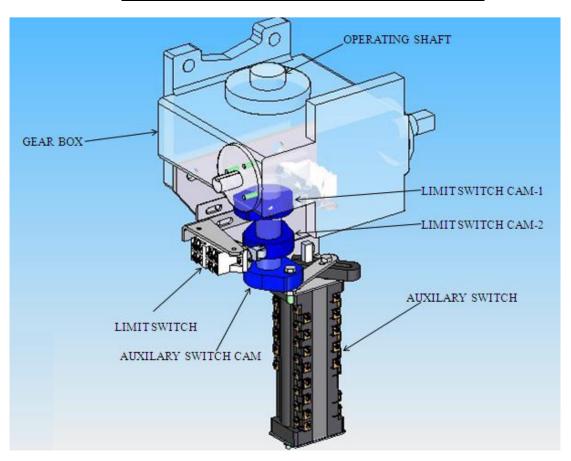
CONDITION - 2

MAIN DISCONNECTOR OPENED

- Once the disconnector is opened the push button switch (EPB) will get supply.
- When the EPB switch is pressed, it will give the supply to bolt coil and pulls the plunger downwards.
- Now the interlock is free and earth can be operated.



SETTING OF AUXILIARY SWITCH AND LIMIT SWITCH CAM



OPERATION OF AUXILARY SWITCH AND SETTING CONSTRUCTION – 1

- Auxiliary switch is fixed to the rear sheet of the drive box along with bracket.
- A slotted lever is fixed with the drive shaft (square) of auxiliary switch and clamped with bolt and nut.
- A cam is fixed with the main shaft (bottom side extended) of the gearbox below the limit switch cams and locked with screw and nut.
- A link plate is assembled with cam on one side and with auxiliary lever on the other side.

OPERATION

Whenever the main shaft rotates either to close or open, the cam also will rotateand operates the auxiliary switch through the link

Note:

The auxiliary switch settings are done at works. However, in case fine tuning is required then follow the steps given below.



SETTING OF AUXILIARY SWITCH

- Keep the main Disconnector in open / closed condition.
- Keep the auxiliary switch lever in 'NO' position according to scheme.
- Rotate the cam and check the continuity of required contacts in auxiliary switch.
- If required loosen the pin in auxiliary switch slot and move the pin with in the slot either inside or outside and lock it again.
- After this adjustment again operate and check for continuity.
- In the same way other positions also can be set.

LIMIT SWITCH OPERATION IN DRIVE MECHANISM CONSTRUCTION-1

- Limit switch is fixed to a bracket and the entire set is fitted to the rear sheet of the drive box.
- The operating cam is fixed to the main shaft (bottom side extended) of gear box and locked with screw after positioning the cam.

OPERATION

Whenever the main shaft rotates either in close direction or open direction, the cams fitted in the main shaft also will rotate and operates the relevant limit switch.

Note:

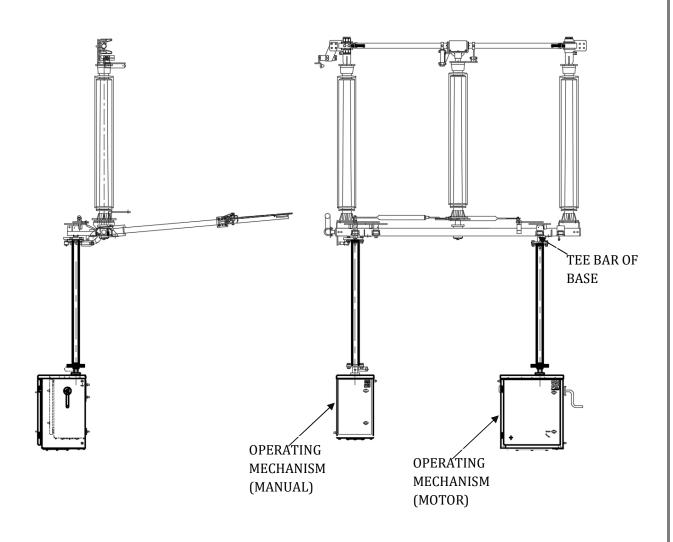
The limit switch settings are done at works. However, in case fine tuning is required then follow the steps given below.

SETTING OF LIMIT SWITCH CAM

- Operate the disconnector manually to open position.
- Rotate the cam and see that the cam presses the limit switch roller till it disconnects the contact (a click sound will be heard).
- Again close the disconnector manually.
- Now operate the disconnector by motor and see that the operation is completed by the limit switch.
- If small adjustment is required, then, loosen the screw of the limit switch CAM 1.
- Rotated the cam either towards the roller or away from the roller, as required.
- Ensure the cam makes contact with the limit switch (for opening).
- Tighten the screw of the limit switch **CAM 1**.
- In the same way another switch (for closing CAM 2) can be set.



FIGURE – M DISCONNECTOR ASSEMBLY WITH OPERATING DRIVE BOX





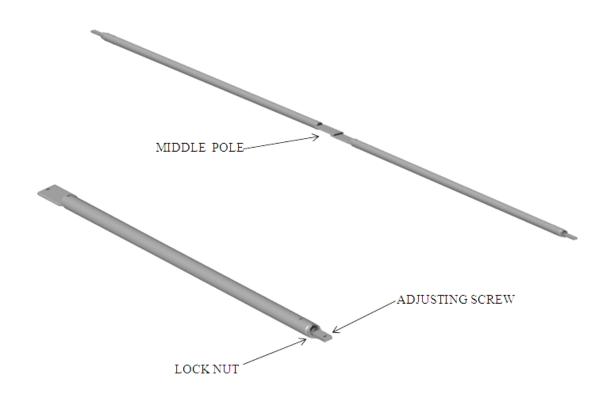
DRIVE ASSEMBLY

21.0. TANDEM PIPE ASSEMBLY (MAIN):

- Remove the connecting pin from the lever and keep it separately.
- Keep the drive pole disconnector in closed position.
- Keep the second pole in closed position. Connect the tandem pipe (Phase coupling pipe). If required extend or shorten by adjusting the screw rod.
- Likewise, with the drive pole & second pole in closed condition, keep the third pole also in closed condition and connect the tandem pipe between the second & the third pole.
- Operate the disconnector manually and ensure it opens and closes properly. If not, then adjust the tandem pipe length.
- Ensure all split pins are secured properly. (See figure. N).

FIGURE - N

TANDEM PIPE





22.0. EARTH SWITCH ASSEMBLY (COMPLETE):

22.1. FIXED CONTACT ASSEMBLY

- Identifythemainfixedcontactassemblyanddirection to fix the earth fixedcontact assembly through contracts GA drawing. Identify the casewith the helpof packing listand op en the case carefully.
- Taketheearthfixedcontact assembly and fix it to the fixed contact assembly by using M12 bolts and nuts as per GA drawings.

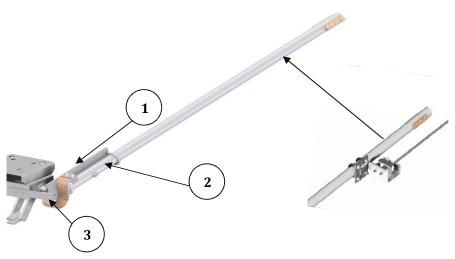
Note:

Theabove Assembly can be carried out before installing the fixed contacts sembly overt heInsulator also.

22.2. EARTH SWITCH ASSEMBLY:

- Identify the drive & non-drive earth switch and fixing side of the earth switchby referring to the GA Drawings.
- Earth tube fixing brackets (1) are mounted to the bases at factory itself.
- Remove the 'U' clamp (2) and centre bolt from the bracket.
- Fix the earth blade with flexible connector (3) in position and fix the centre bolt.
- Fix the 'U' clamp and tighten all bolts and nuts (See figure O).
- Fix the earth strip (Which is connected to flexible connector) to the base.
- Move the earth blade to close position manually, check the position and if required, align the earth fixed contact through the slots provided in the bracket.
- Repeat the above procedure on the other two poles.





23.0. OPERATING MECHANISM AND DOWN OPERATING PIPE (EARTH):

Refer the instruction mentioned for main assembly.

24.0. TANDEM PIPE ASSEMBLY (EARTH):

Refer the instruction mentioned for main assembly.



SECTION – D COMMISIONING AND MAINTENANCE

25.0. COMMISIONING OF DISCONNECTOR:

- Carry out test operation manually; ensure satisfactory engagement of contacts for all three poles. If necessary, align the contacts.
- Operate the disconnector by power. Ensure proper open/close operation. Ensure limit switch / auxiliary switch settings are proper.

26.0. COMMISIONING OF EARTH SWITCH:

- Carry out test operation manually, Ensure symmetrical engagement of contacts.
- In case of motor operated earth switch, operate the earth switch by power. Ensure proper open/close operation.

27.0. MAINTENANCE:

Caution:

- Working on high-voltage is very dangerous; hence follow substation and other standardsafety rules.
- Don't use emery paper for cleaning the contacts.
- Don't try to operate the Earth switch when Disconnect or is in closed condition.

Do:

- Ensure disconnection of circuits before doing maintenance activity.
- Do proper earthing of the circuit.
- Stay clear of adjacent live parts; wherever possible, earth the adjacent live parts.
- Use proper tools.

We recommend the following inspection intervals

- Normal ambient condition: After every 5 years or after every 1000 operations (Close/open cycle).
- Extreme ambient conditions i.e. Climate (tropical) and heavy contamination (dust, salt, rust and sulphur): After every 2 years or after every 500 operations (Close/open cycle).

28.0. TOOLS AND TACKLES:

Apart from standard tools, the following are required

- Brass wire brush for cleaning of Copper surfaces.
- Steel wire brush for cleaning for Aluminum and steel surfaces.
- Contact grease (Petroleum jelly).
- Cold cleaning agent for Silver plated surfaces.
- Lint free cloth's



29.0 Cleaning:

Bolted or sliding contact surfaces that conduct current have an effect on the electrical resistance of the current path. Dirty or oxidized contact surfaces increase the electrical resistance. This will result in damage to main contacts. Hence the following cleaning procedure shall be strictly adhered to:

Bolted Contact Surfaces: Aluminum

- Grease lightly.
- With steel wire brush, remove oxide film fully (Do not use emery paper).
- Wipe off contaminated grease immediately using lint free cloth.
- Re-apply grease again (Immediately after cleaning with lint –free cloth).
- Bolt together treated surfaces and grease joints.

Silver plated contact surfaces.

- Clean with cold cleaning agent (do not destroy silver surfaces).
- Grease immediately.
- Bolt together treated surfaces and grease joints.

Silver plated contact surfaces (Sliding)

- Clean with cold cleaning agent (do not destroy silver surfaces).
- Grease immediately

30.0 Inspection checks:

The following operations must be carried out during inspection

Disconnector:

- Clean contact area (Male and Female contacts). Check for any damage; if required, change the contacts.
- Apply grease on contact surfaces.
- Clean the insulators. Check for any damage; if required, change.
- Check all bolted connections.
- Carry out three or four test operations manually.
- Reconnect the power supplies and control voltage.
- Carry our three or four test operations electrically.

Free Entry Earth Switch:

- Clean contact area (Male and Female contacts). Check for any damage; if required, change the contacts.
- Apply grease on contact surfaces.
- Check the earthing connections between earth blade and disconnect or base; if required, replace.
- Check all bolted connections.
- Carry out three or four test operations manually.
- Reconnect the power supplies and control voltage.
- Carry our three or four test operations electrically (in case of power operated).



31.0. RECOMMENDED SPARES:

Keep adequate quantity of following spares at all times.

- Fixed contact fingers.
- Moving contact extrusion.
- Clevis pins with nylon washers, split pins.
- Control springs.



32.0. RECYCLING OF END OF PRODUCT LIFE MATERIAL AND DISPOSAL

1. Overview

From power transmission and distribution systems, scrap white porcelain-insulators were collected. These insulators have a high degree of hardness, and low water absorbability. A study was conducted in the use of crushed porcelain as a ceramics aggregate.

Commercially available ceramics aggregate is used in colored permeable pavement. Such products are expensive. It is anticipated, however, that the pavement market will expand because permeable pavement material is useful for: (1) alleviating the so-called "heat island" phenomenon, (2) lessening the load on sewage treatment plants, and (3) improving the rhizosphere and environment for vegetation.







2. Description of Development

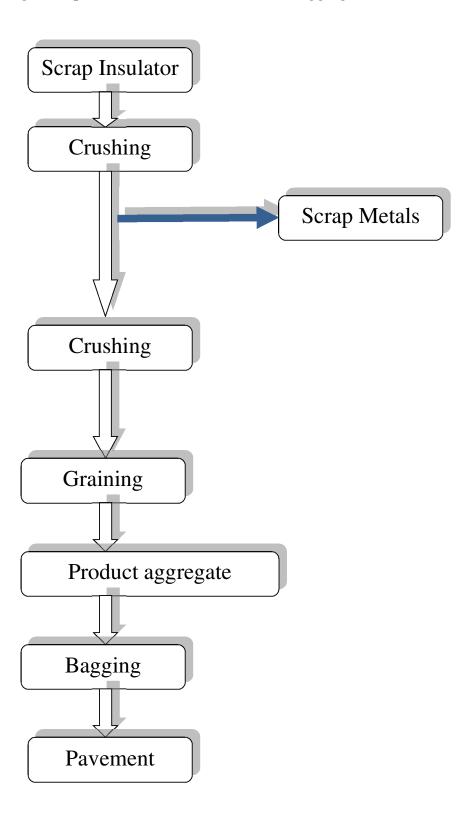
Attempts were made to develop permeable pavement material that contains crushed porcelain (grain size: 0.5-3.0 mm) as aggregate, and epoxy resin adhesive for solidification. The ability of rain-water to penetrate through the aggregate is a special feature.

(1) Crushing porcelain-insulators

Conventional methods of crushing hard porcelain-insulators produce sharp fractured fragments that resemble broken pieces of glassware. The newly developed method uses a granulating machine that forces crushed pieces to collide with each other thereby forming grains. Fig. 1 shows steps in the manufacture of the ceramics aggregate.



Fig. 1 Steps in Manufacture of Ceramics Aggregate





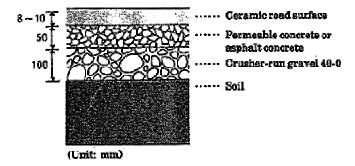
2) Determining optimum resin percentage

Strength and permeability of the pavement are determined by the percentage of resin that maintains point adhesion of aggregate materials. Several samples were produced of varying resin percentages. The samples were tested and according to the results, the resin percentage of 7.5%, by weight, was selected as the standard specification.

(3) Experimental paving

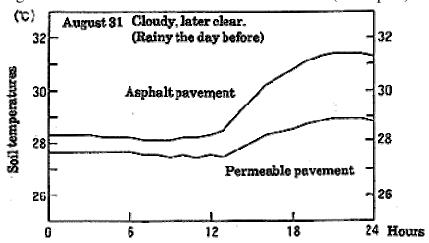
As shown by the cross-section in Fig. 3, the surface layer of permeable pavement material made from porcelain-insulators is bonded onto an underlying layer of permeable concrete or asphalt in order to reduce the use of expensive epoxy resin.

Fig. 2 Structure of Permeable Pavement (Cross-section)



This permeable pavement was tested and compared with asphalt pavement to assess its effectiveness in moderating the heat island phenomenon.

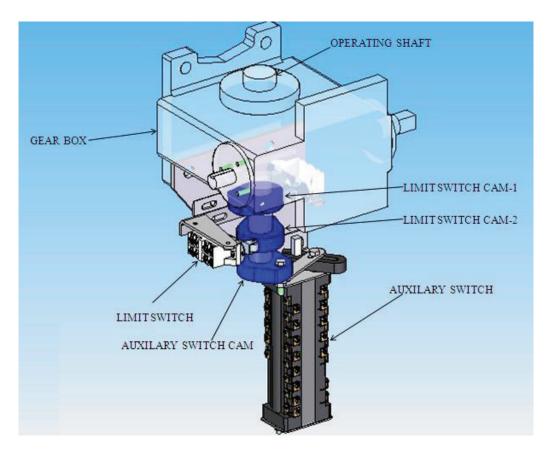
Fig. 3 Measurements of Heat Island Phenomena (Examples)





On the morning that measurement took place, soil temperatures slightly differed depending on types of pavement because it rained the day before. In the afternoon, however, the weather was clear, and therefore, a greater soil temperature difference was observed between asphalt and permeable pavements. Even during the night, no significant change in soil temperature was observed. This observation suggested that the experimental pavement can moderate the heat island phenomenon.

SETTING OF AUXILIARY SWITCH AND LIMIT SWITCH CAMS



OPERATION OF AUXILIARY SWITCH AND SETTING

CONSTRUCTION - 1

- Auxiliary switch is fixed to the rear sheet of the drive box along with bracket.
- A slotted lever is fixed with the drive shaft (square) of auxiliary switch and clamped with bolt and nut.
- A cam is fixed with the main shaft (bottom side extended) of the gearbox below the im it switch cams and locked with screw and nut.
- A link plate is assembled with cam on oneside & with auxiliary lever on the other side.

OPERATION

Whenever the main shaft rotates either to close or open, the cam also will rotate and operates the auxiliary switch through the link

Note

The auxiliary switch settings are done at works. However, in case fine tuning is required then follow the steps given below.

SETTING OF AUXILIARY SWITCH

- Keep the main Disconnector in open / closed condition.
- Keep the auxiliary switch lever in 'NO' position according to scheme.
- Rotate the cam and check the continuity of required contacts in auxiliary switch.
- If required loosen the pin in auxiliary switch slot and move the pin with in the slot either inside or outside and lock it again.
- After this adjustment again operate and check for continuity.
- In the same way other positions also can be set.

LIMIT SWITCH OPERATION IN DRIVE MECHANISM

CONSTRUCTION-1

- Limit switch is fixed to a bracket and the entire set is fitted to the rear sheet of the drive box.
- The operating cam is fixed to the main shaft (bottom side extended) of gear box and locked with screw after positioning the cam.

OPERATION

Whenever the main shaft rotates either in close direction or open direction, the cams fitted in the main shaft also will rotate and operates the relevant limit switch.

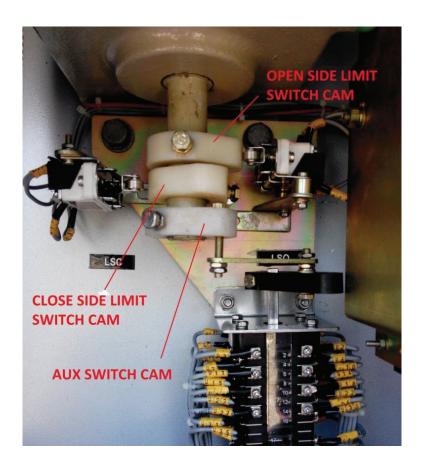
Note

The limit switch settings are done at works. However, in case fine tuning is required then follow the steps given below.

SETTING OF LIMIT SWITCH CAM 1 AND CAM 2

- Operate the disconnector manually to open position.
- Rotate the cam and see that the cam presses the limit switch roller till it disconnects the contact (a click sound will be heard).
- Again close the disconnector manually.
- Now operate the disconnector by motor and see that the operation is completed by the limit switch.
- If small adjustment is required, then, loosen the screw of the limit switch CAM 1.
- Rotate the cam either towards the roller or away from the roller, as required.
- Ensure the cam makes contact with the limit switch (for opening).
- Tighten the screw of the limit switch CAM 1.
- In the same way another switch (for closing CAM 2) can be set.

PICTORIAL REPERSENTATION



OPEN LIMIT SWITCH CAM SETTING:



CLOSE LIMIT SWITCH CAM SETTING:



AUXILIARY SWITCH CAM SETTING:





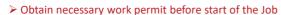
Disconnector & Earth switch O&M and Inspection Procedure



Substation Maintenance - Health & Safety Guideline Electricity can KILL, Civil Work in Progress



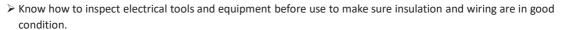




- > Be familiar with any electrical hazards in the workplace.
- > Understand procedures to follow and to protect yourself when you work around electricity.
- > Know when and how to report electrical problems.
- Must use the required Personal Protective Equipment's.
- > Know what to do in the event of emergency involving electricity.
- > Do proper Grounding of the circuit.
- ➤ Use proper tools for erection & testing activity.







- > Use trained MHE Operator and follow SOPs for Handling heavy structures, insulators
- \succ Working at height requires safe ladder and safety belts and helmets- please follow
- ightharpoonup Housekeeping in site and hazards related to civil work- trench etc should be properly guarded







Inspection and Overhauling Schedule

Erection& Commissioning

- Clean contact area (Male and Female contacts). Check for any damage.
- Apply petroleum jelly on contact surfaces.
- Clean all the insulators. Check for any damages.
- Check the tightness of all bolted connections.
- Lubricate rotating parts.
- Carry out few Open-Close test operations manually.
- Check contact Resistance
- Carry out few Open-Close test operations Electrically.

After 1 Year

- ❖ Clean contact areas, Check for any contact damage and apply petroleum jelly on contact surfaces.
- Clean all insulators..
- Lubricate all rotating parts.

After 20 years

- Clean all areas and apply petroleum jelly on contact surfaces.
- ❖ .Check Tightness of all hardware's

After 5 years

- Clean contact areas, Check for any contact damage and apply petroleum jelly on contact surfaces.
- Clean all insulators..
- Lubricate all rotating parts.

After 25 years

* Recommended to change all current carrying blades and Operating Drive mechanism boxes.

After 10 years

- Change the contact areas with new one.
- Check all insulators...
- Lubricate all rotating parts and pins.
- Check the auxiliary switch contacts.
- Check operation of mechanical interlocks





Disconnectors and Earth switches

Visual Inspection

- Inspect insulators for cracks, or burns or pollutants deposits.
- Inspect the all current carrying contacts and tubes.
- Check motor drive cabinet for the following:
 - * Heater operation
 - * Miniature circuit breaker (MCB)
- Check motor drive cabinet is properly latched and seals are in good condition.
- ➤ Check for visible misalignment/over travel/discoloration of primary contacts.
- > Check for leakage of grease at insulator base and motor gear.
- > Check earth tape connections from the Disconnectors to the substation Earthing system.







Primary contact routine inspection

Where possible



- Check tightness of bolts and nuts
- Check springs of female contact for rust and its elasticity
- Check contact fingers for pitting marks, erosion, corrosion
- Check for alignment of primary contacts and arcing tips
- Check arcing tips for excessive arc damage
- Check for simultaneous closing of all blades for 3 phases
- > Check linkages, rods and levers for smooth operation, ensure all joints are secured tightly.
- ➤ Lubrication of bearings with appropriate approved grease for non sealed bearings.



Mis-alignment leads to Hot Spots and breakage.





Operating mechanism functional check

- Checking of Limit switches (Open/close)
- Checking of Auxiliary switches (NO+NC Contacts)
- Check operation of electrical interlocks
- Check operation of motor and it's readings
- Lubrication of gear box and spur gear wheels
- Check operation of OLR relay and emergency stops
- Manual operational checks smooth operation
- Local and remote end operational checks

Hands on training will be given to erection team, site operators and site in-charges about the alignment and limit switch setting of Disconnectors and earth switches









Contact resistance measurement

Purpose

Purpose of measuring contact resistance measurement is to assess the condition of the male and female contacts against erosion or misalignment of the main contacts. Contact resistance of Disconnectors switch contacts should be measured to check the healthiness of the current carrying parts.

Instrument Required

• Micro ohm meter of 100 A or more current injection capacity kit with cabling accessories is required for this test.

Evaluation

If the value of the contact resistance exceeds the permissible limits, this could lead to over heating of contacts, Monitoring contact resistance values is very good techniques for assessing the condition of main contacts.

Contact resistance value should not exceed the type tested value.



Disconnectors and Earth switches

CLEANING OF CONTACT SURFACES

Silver-faced contact surfaces (bolted)

- ➤ Clean with cold cleaning agent Trichloroethylene (Without destroying silver plating of surface of contacts).
- > Apply tin layer of Grease.

Galvanized contact surfaces (bolted)

- Clean using steel wire brush
- > Apply tin layer of grease immediately.

Lubricant Details

- > For all pins and bushes, Shafts and bushes --- P3-Multipurpose grease or equal
- For all sliding contact parts --- Petroleum jelly or equivalent.
- > For fixed parts Anti corrosive compound for electrical joints -- ACC50 or equivalent.



Disconnectors and Earth switches

Rust Protection:

For Rust protection, grease G Or Tectyl- 506 is recommended.

Earth Switches:

- > The earth switch is a safety device and smooth operation is to be ensured by proper alignment.
- > The earth blade contacts are to be cleaned properly for proper contact and contact resistance to be measured to ensure healthiness.
- ➤ The earth connection from blade to earth is to be carefully checked. All the joints should be tightened.
- Flexible copper braid connections are provided and healthiness ensured.
- ➤ All moving parts should be lubricated for smooth operation.



Disconnectors Maintenance

CLEANING PROCEDURES

Recommended cleaning methodology:

- The outdoor parts (like supporting insulators and contacts) should be checked and cleaned at least every two years; however, this period might change according to the environmental conditions, weather and pollution of the site.
- Every eight years a complete inspection should be performed, under the instructions of the manufacturer personnel (checking of drives and disconnectors operation, control of the contacts condition, etc.).
- Special care should be taken on the insulating parts and, in case of abnormal operating conditions (such as salt accumulation, dust, cement or acid vapours), a frequent cleaning shall be performed to avoid flashovers.





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Site setup / Check Procedure:- Assembly of 145kV Double Break Disconnector		Document: Dis-RD-SSF-001 Site Setup Assembly Double Break Disconnector
Issued By: Customer Service	Approved By: Quality Manager	Issue: 1 (Mar'18)
Date: 17.03.18	Date: 17.03.18	V: 1 (Mar'18)

Project Information:

Order Number :

Customer Name:

Substation Name:

Site Location. :

Serial Number:



Double Break Disconnector:

Purpose:

The checks will show the correct assembly of the Disconnector and that its component parts are in conformance with the design drawings.

Important Note: Before starting Disconnector ensure that the <u>structure erection done properly and levelling carried out with water level and sprit level</u>. Ensure all hardware's are tightened with torque wrench after levelling.

Procedures:

- 1. Carefully remove and identify the required component parts from shipping crates and that they are in accordance with supplied packing lists.
- 2. Place each Phase Base assembly on a leveled structure. Identify the the drive end base and keep the same in respective position as per the approved drawing..
- 3. Assemble Insulators onto the base assemblies. Ensure proper leveling using shims/leveling bolts (jacking screws) Ming as required to maintain vertical alignment.
- 4. Assemble the Moving blade and female fixed contacts assembly along with dummy/earth adaptor onto insulator top as per the GA drawing. Do leveling/shimming for vertical / horizontal axis as required.
- 5. Check and adjust as required the earth and follower torque bearings ensuring that the interlocks operate satisfactorily.
- 6. Assemble earth fixed contacts onto designated side as per GA drawing.

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- 7. Assemble earth blade onto phase base assembly ensuring that the switch is level / shimmed and tightened.
- 8. Set and check the Disconnector / earth switch over toggle linkages.
- 9. Fix the main tandem pipes keeping all three phases of the Disconnector in closed position.
- 10. Close the Disconnector, if a particular phase is not closing properly adjust the tandem pipe length accordingly and ensure proper closing of all three phases.
- 11. Fix the earth tandem pipes keeping all three phases of the earth switch in closed condition.
- 12. Close the earth switch, if a particular phase is not closing properly adjust the tandem pipe length accordingly and ensure proper closing of all three phases.
- 13. Check all fixings for tightness and torque as required
- 14. Check all control boxes for damaged paintwork if painted
- 15. Connect the main Down pipe to the tee bar on the base and the flanged end to the drive box flange. Ensure flanges are mated properly and the down pipe does not pull the flange of the drive box. (if required, use the spacers provided between the down operating pipe and drive box flange).
- 16. Connect the Earth Down pipe to the tee bar on the base and the flanged end to the drive box flange. Ensure flanges are mated properly and the down pipe does not pull the flange of the drive box. (if required, use the spacers provided between the down operating pipe and drive box flange).
- 17. Conduct random pull test on wiring and check wire crimping for security.
- 18. Check all wired connections are tight.
- 19. Check overload relay is set at required setting (0.9Amp)

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- 20. Check operation of motor limit switch by insertion of manual operating handle.
- 21. Check operation of motor open / close limit switches by use of the manual handle and adjust as required.
- 22. Check operation of all auxiliary switches.
- 23. Check operation of interlocks.
- 24. Check switch handles for fitment.

145kV Double Break Disconnector Checks

1.	Check for damaged components.	Check	Yes	No	N/A
2.	Phase A Base level	Check	Yes	No	N/A
3.	Phase B Base Level	Check	Yes	No	N/A
4.	Phase C Base Level	Check	Yes	No	N/A
5.	Phase A Insulators fitted	Check	Yes	No	N/A
6.	Phase B Insulators fitted	Check	Yes	No	N/A
7.	Phase C Insulators fitted	Check	Yes	No	N/A
8.	Phase A moving blade fitted	Check	Yes	No	N/A
9.	Phase B moving blade fitted	Check	Yes	No	N/A

CQC					VR Street, cherry - 605 111.		
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10. Phase C moving blade fitted		Check	Yes	No	N/A		
11. Phase A fixed contacts fitted		Check	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A		
12. Phase B fixed contacts fitted		Check	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A		
13. Phase C fixed contacts fitted		Check	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A —		
14. Phase A moving blade contact							
enters centrally and smoothly		Check	Yes □	No □	N/A □		
15. Phase B moving blade contact							
enters centrally and smoothly		Check	Yes □	No □	N/A □		
16. Phase C moving blade contact							
enters centrally and smoothly		Check	Yes □	No □	N/A □		
17. Disconnector Tandem pipes fit	ted correctly	Check	Yes □	No □	N/A □		
18. Phase A Moving blades open/o	close smoothly.	Check	Yes □	No □	N/A □		
19. Phase B Moving blades open/o	close smoothly	Check	Yes	No □	N/A □		
20. Phase C Moving blades open/o	close smoothly	Check	Yes	No □	N/A □		
21. Torque bearings and interlock	operate correctly.	Check	Yes	No □	N/A □		
22. Disconnector Down Pipe fitted	correctly		_	-	_		
and operates satisfactorily	-	Check	Yes	No □	N/A □		
23. Disconnector interlocks operat	e correctly	Check	Yes	No	N/A		

			I E	N. 4 D	ND Court	
000					VR Street, cherry - 605 111.	
PSE S&S POWER SWITCHGEAR EQUIPMENT LIMITED				Office: 14, CMDA Insustrial Area, Chitnamanur Village, Maraimalai Nagar-603209, Kanchipuram.		
Site setup / Check Procedure:- Assembly of 145kV Double Break Disconnector			Document: Dis-RD-SSF-001 Site Setup Assembly Double Break Disconnector			
Ssued By: Customer Service Approved By: Quality Manager Date: 17.03.18 Date: 17.03.18		Issue: 1 (Mar'18) V: 1 (Mar'18)				
24. Manual operation of Dis	sconnector satisfactory	Check	Yes	No	N/A	
25. Phase A earth contact f	fitted / level	Check	Yes	No —	N/A	
26. Phase B earth contact f	fitted / level	Check	Yes	No —	N/A 	
27. Phase C earth contact t	fitted / level	Check	Yes	No	N/A	
28. Phase A earth moving I						
Locates correctly into fi	xed contacts	Check	Yes —	No —	N/A	
29. Phase B earth moving I						
Locates correctly into fi	xed contacts	Check	Yes	No	N/A	
30. Phase C earth moving I						
Locates correctly into fi	xed contacts	Check	Yes	No	N/A	
31. Earth switch Tandem p	•	Check	Yes	No	N/A	
(Where double earth fitted o	check both sides)					
32. Earth switch Down Pipe	e fitted correctly					
and operates satisfacto	rily	Check	Yes	No	N/A	
33. Earth switch interlocks	operate correctly	Check	Yes	No	N/A	
34. Manual operation of ea	rth switch satisfactory	Check	Yes	No	N/A	
35. All fixing are tight and s	ecure	Check	Yes	No	N/A	
36. All wired connections a	re tight and secure	Check	Yes	No	N/A	
37. Overload relay set to co	orrect setting	Check	Yes	No	N/A	

8 \$		-	Sederape	et, Pondio	VR Street, cherry - 605 111.	
PSE S&S POWER SWITCHGEAR EQUIPMENT LIMITED				Office: 14, CMDA Insustrial Area Chitnamanur Village, Maraimalai Nagar-603209, Kanchipuram.		
e Setup / Check Procedure:-			Site Set	Document: Dis-RD-SSF-001 Site Setup Assembly Double Break Disconnector		
ed By: Customer Service e: 17.03.18	Approved By: Quality Manage Date: 17.03.18	er	Issue: 1 V: 1	(Mar'18 (Mar'18	,	
38. Disconnector Motor limit switch of	perates on insertion of					
manual operating handle and pre	events motor operation	Check	Yes	No	N/A	
39. Disconnector Motor Open / Close	e limit switches operate					
correctly via electrical local opera	ation	Check	Yes	No	N/A	
40. Earth switch Motor limit switch of	perates on insertion of					
manual operating handle and pre	events motor operation	Check	Yes	No	N/A	
41. Electrical earth switch Motor Ope	en / Close limit switches					
operate correctly via electrical lo	cal operation	Check	Yes	No	N/A	
	•					
42. Auxiliary Switches operate satisf	actorily	Check	Yes	No	N/A	
,	,					
43. Switch Handle correct and secur	-Δ	Check	Yes	_ No	N/A	
40. GWIGHT Haridio Gorreot and Secur		Oncor				
44. Check all operating handles are	procent	Check	Yes	No	N/A	
44. Officer all operating nationes are	present.	Offeck				
45 All itams fitted and labeled corr	o o thu	Charle				
45. All items fitted and labeled corre	ecuy	Check	Yes	No	N/A	
Comments						

S&S PSE S&S POWER SWITCHG	Factory: No. 4, EVR Street, Sederapet, Pondicherry - 605 111. Office: 14, CMDA Insustrial Area, Chitnamanur Village, Maraimalai Nagar-603209, Kanchipuram.		
Site setup / Check Procedure:- Assembly of 145kV Double Break Disconnector		Document: Dis-RD-SSF-001 Site Setup Assembly Double Break Disconnector	
Issued By: Customer Service	Approved By: Quality Manager	Issue: 1 (Mar'18)	
Date: 17.03.18	Date: 17.03.18	V: 1 (Mar'18)	

Statement of Acceptance

Upon satisfactory completion of all the checks outlined in this Acceptance Check Document, it is state stated that as at today's date being the site Acceptance date, the Equipment's identified have been properly documented and witnessed. Any discrepancies, resulting from the Checks specified in this document are accepted subject to any observations /comments raised during the Site Acceptance.

- 1. The Equipment have been duly accepted at the Site in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the purchase contract and the minutes raised during any progress meetings.
- 2. Duly appointed and authorised technical experts have inspected the Equipment to ensure that they conform to technical specifications of the purchase contract.
- 3. The equipment's are fully equipped in accordance with the technical specifications of the purchase contract and are satisfactory in all respects.

It is understood that all outstanding NCR's / Comments and Corrective Actions will be rectified prior to final commissioning and or notification given of any items that need to be rectified

CERTIFIED BY:

S&S PSE Service Engineer	Date
Contractor Representative	Date
Customer Representative	Date



www.sspower.com

RD 72.5kV - 145kV Rev: 3 Dated: 04.01.19